



Introduction to Multiple Sensor Fusion in Mobile Robotics

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Outline

- Brief Introduction
- Taxonomy of Algorithms
- Data Association
- Estimation
- Identity Declaration
- Decision Level Fusion
- Summary and Conclusions

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Brief Introduction

- Multiple Sensor Fusion?
- Mobile Robotics?
- Sensor Fusion in Mobile Robotics.

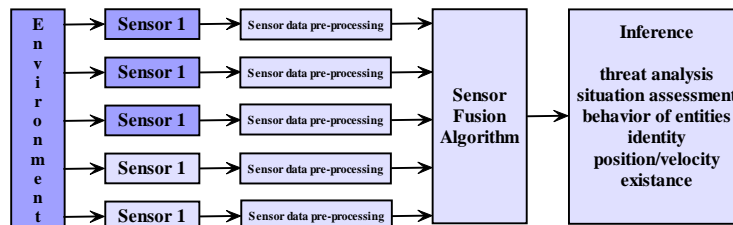
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Brief Introduction

- Sensor Fusion?



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Brief Introduction

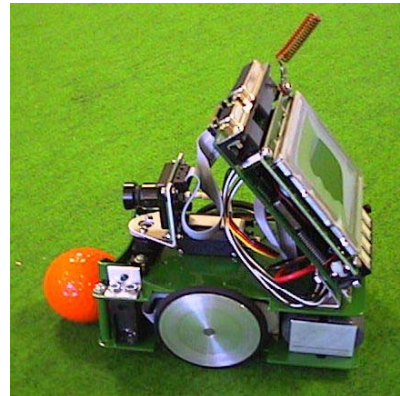
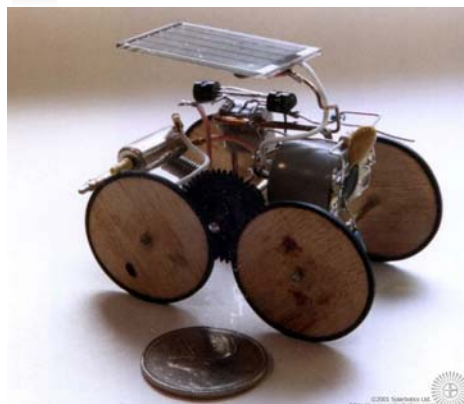
- Mobile Robotics?
 - Mechanical engineering
 - Computer science
 - Electrical engineering
 - Cognitive psychology, perception, and neuroscience

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Brief Introduction: Example 1



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Brief Introduction: Example2



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Brief Introduction: Example3



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Brief Introduction: Sensor Fusion in Mobile Robotics

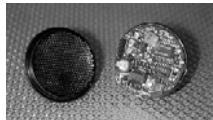
Encoder



Gyroscope



Ultrasonic Sensor



Global Positioning System (GPS)



Other Sensors

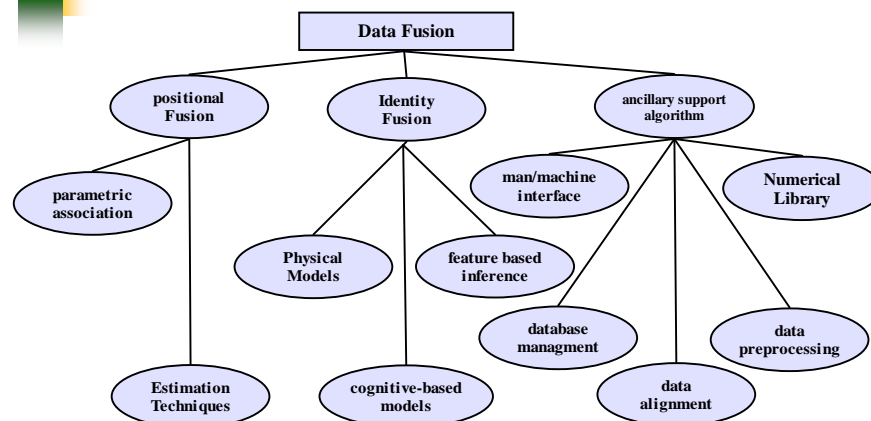
- Video Sensor
- CCD Camera
- Infrared Sensor
- Tactile Sensors

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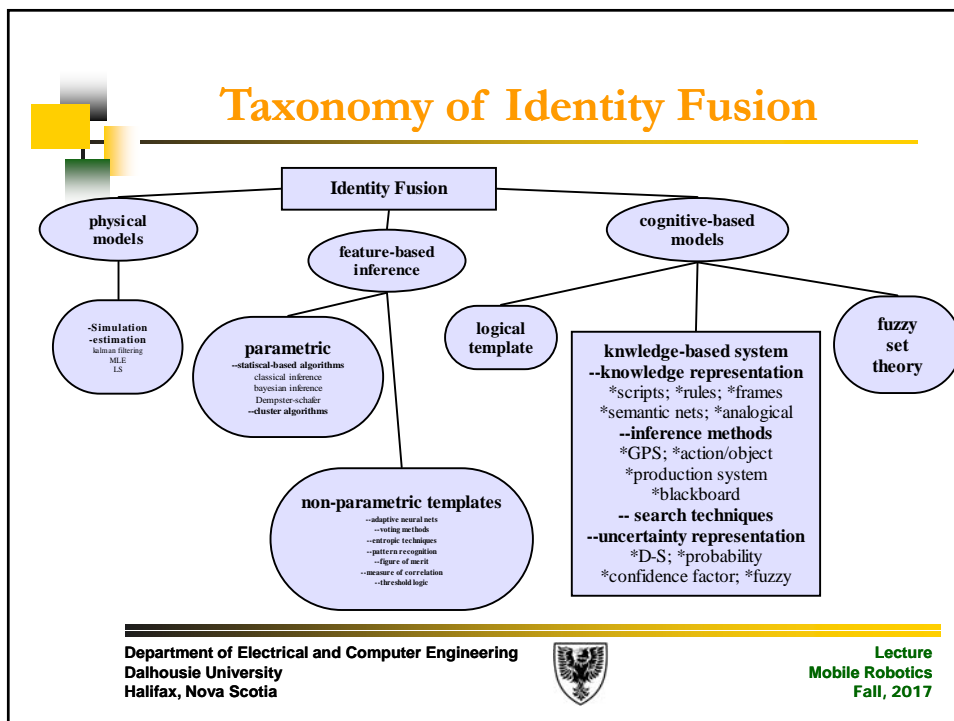
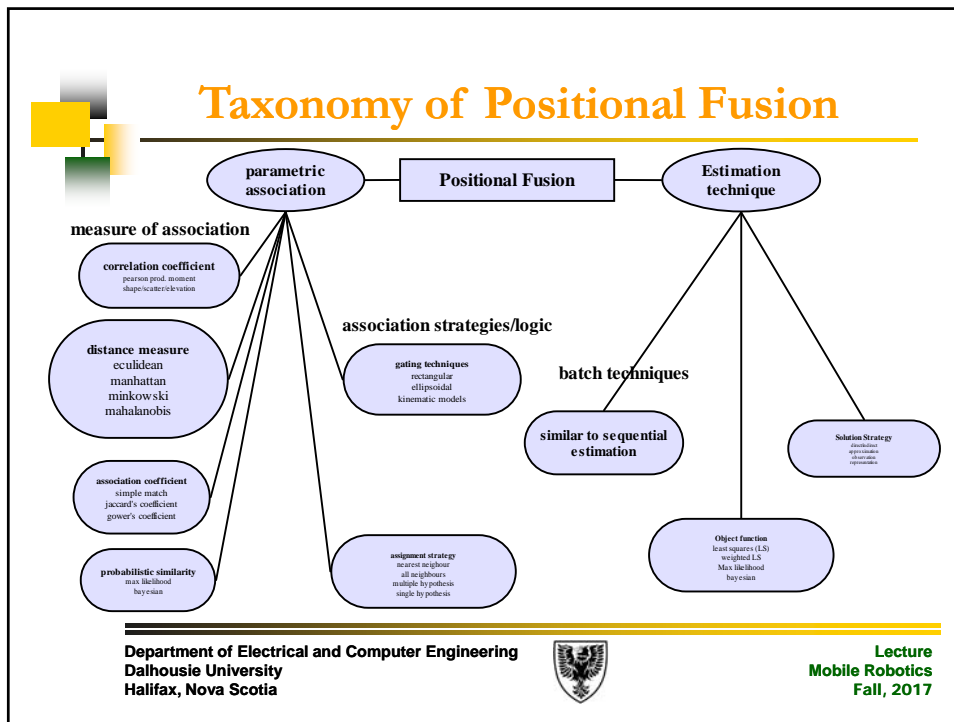
Taxonomy of Algorithms for Sensor Fusion



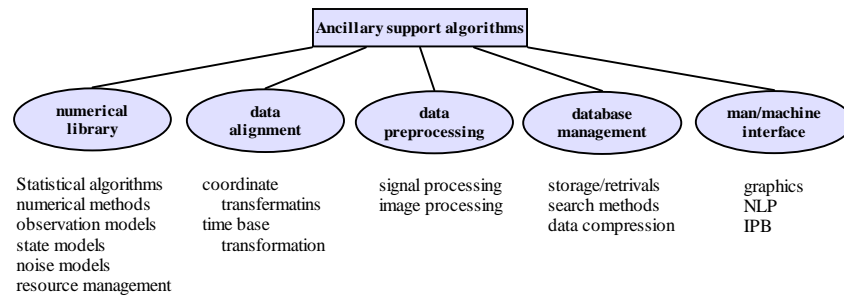
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Taxonomy of Ancillary Support



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Data Association

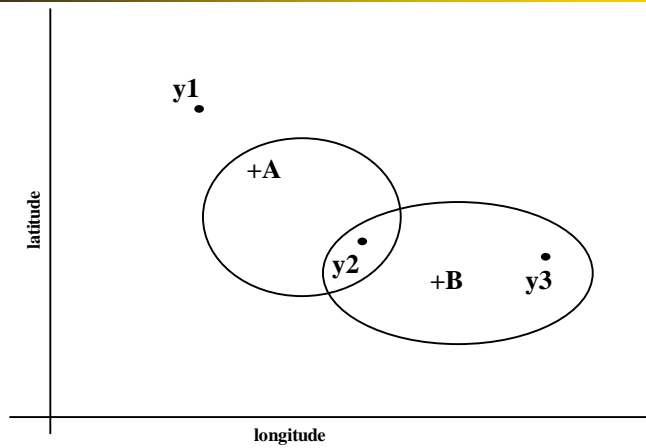
- Introduction
- A general association process
- Gating
- Association metrics
- Assignment
- Summary

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Data Association: Introduction

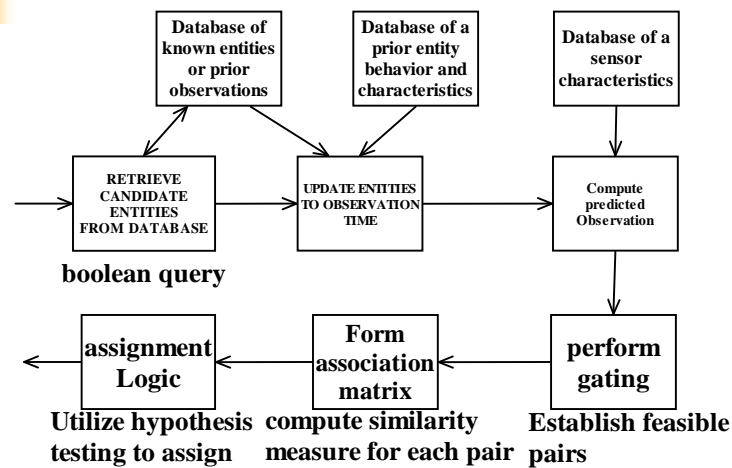


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Data Association: A general association process

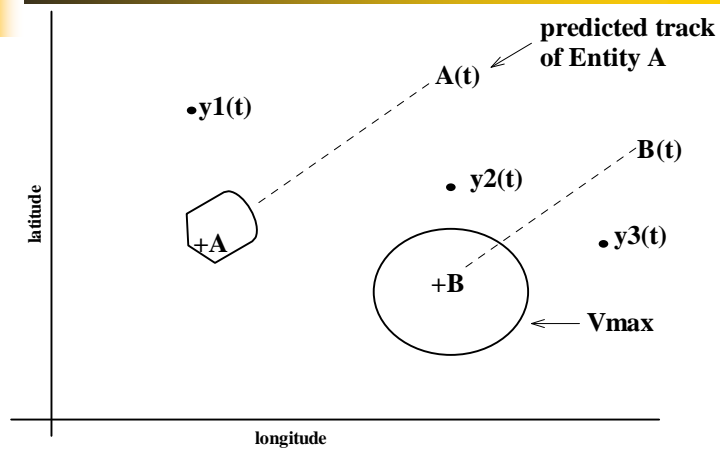


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Data Association: Gating



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Data Association: Association Metrics

- Metric rules:
 - $D(a,b)=d(b,a) \geq 0$ (symmetry)
 - $D(a,b) \leq d(a,c)+d(b,c)$ (triangle inequality)
 - If $d(a,b) < 0$ then $a \neq b$ (distinguish ability of nonidenticals)
 - $D(a,a)=0$ (indistinguishability of identical)
- Association measure
 - Distance measures
 - Correlation coefficients
 - Association coefficients
 - Probabilistic similarity coefficients

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Data Association: Assignment

- The final step in the association process is the actual assignment of observation to observation, or observation to tracks.

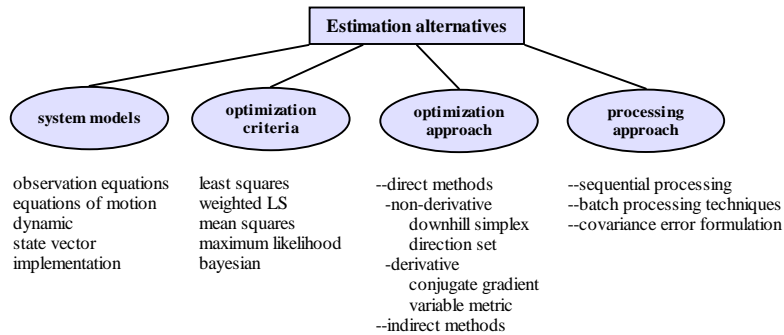


Data Association: Summary

- Gating technique
- Association measures
- Assignment strategies



Estimation



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Estimation: Kalman Filter

- What is a Kalman Filter and what can we do?
- Optimal in what sense?
- Why is it so popular?
- Formulating a Kalman filter
- State Definition

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Estimation: state space representation

- State equation:
- $X(k+1)=F(k)X(k)+G(k)U(k)+V(k)$
 - $E[V(k)V(k)'] = Q(k)$
- Measurement equation
- $Z(k)=H(k)X(k)+W(k)$
 - $E[W(k)W(k)'] = R(k)$



Estimation: Falling Body Example

- Consider an object falling under a constant gravitational field. $Y(t)$ denotes the height of the object,

$$\ddot{y}(t) = -g$$

$$\dot{y}(t) = \dot{y}(t_0) - g(t - t_0)$$

$$y(t) = y(t_0) - \dot{y}(t_0)(t - t_0) - \frac{g}{2}(t - t_0)^2$$

- As a discrete time system with time increment of
- $t - t_0 = 1$



Estimation: Falling Body Example

$$y(k+1) = y(k) + \dot{y}(k) - \frac{g}{2}$$

- The height $y(k+1)$ depends on the previous velocity and height at time k .
- We can define the state as $x(k) = [y(k) \ \dot{y}(k)]$
- and then the state equation becomes

$$x(k+1) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x(k) + \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} (-g) \quad z(k) = [1 \ 0] x(k) + w(k)$$

$$= Fx(k) + Gu \quad \quad \quad = Hx(k) + w(k)$$

- The variance of $w(k)$ needs to be known for implementing a Kalman filter

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Estimation: State Estimation

1. Known are $\hat{x}(k|k)$, $u(k)$, $p(k|k)$ and the new measurement $z(k+1)$
 2. State prediction $\hat{x}(k+1|k) = F(k)\hat{x}(k|k) + G(k)u(k)$
 3. Measurement prediction $\hat{z}(k+1|k) = H(k)\hat{x}(k+1|k)$
 4. Measurement Residual $v(k+1) = z(k+1) - \hat{z}(k+1|k)$
 5. Updated state estimate: $\hat{x}(k+1|k+1) = \hat{x}(k+1|k) + W(k+1)v(k+1)$
- Where $W(k+1)$ is called the Kalman gain defined next in the state covariance estimation

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Estimation: State Covariance Estimation

- 1. State prediction covariance:

$$P(k+1|k) = F(k)P(k|k)F(k)' + Q(k)$$

- 2. Measurement prediction covariance

$$S(k+1) = H(k+1)P(k+1|k)H(k+1)' + R(k+1)$$

- 3. Filter gain

$$W(k+1) = P(k+1|k)H(k+1)'S(k+1)^{-1}$$

- 4. Updated covariance

$$P(k+1|k+1) = P(k+1|k) - W(k+1)S(k+1)W(k+1)'$$

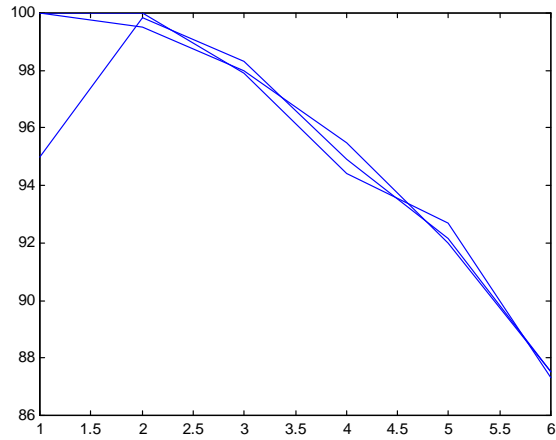


Estimation: Falling Body Kalman Filter

- Assume an initial true state of position=100 and velocity =0, g=1
- We choose an initial estimate state and initial state covariance P(0) base on mainly intuition.
- The state noise covariance Q is zeros R is estimated from knowledge of predicted observation errors, chose 1 here.
- F,G,H are known



Estimation: plot



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Identity Declaration

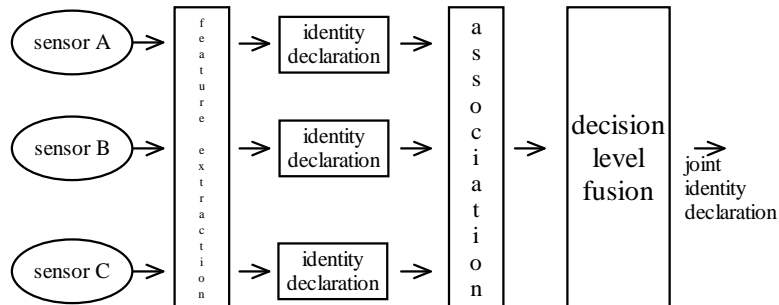
- Identity Declaration and Pattern Recognition
- Feature Extraction 😊
- Parametric Templates
- Cluster Analysis Techniques
- Adaptive Neural Networks
- Physical Models
- Knowledge based Methods

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Decision Level Identity Fusion



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Decision Level Identity Fusion

- Classical inference
- Bayesian inference
- Dempster-shafer's method
- Generalized evidence processing theory
- Heuristic methods for identity fusion
- Knowledge based approach

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Some Approaches in Mobile Robots

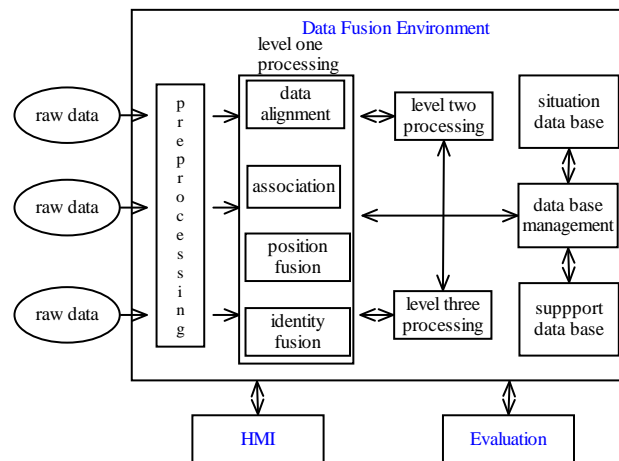
Method	Sensor Type
Dempster-shafer	Laser range finder and camcorder
Rule based, LMS	Sonar and wheel encoder
Extended Kalman filter	Rotary encoders and gyroscope
Genetic Algorithms	Landmarks and dead-reckoning
Bayesian and neural network	Infrared range sensing and visual sensing
Maximum likelihood	Landmarks and dead reckoning
Kalman filter	Camera and dead reckoning

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Summary and Conclusions



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Questions and Comments



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